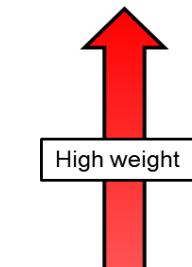
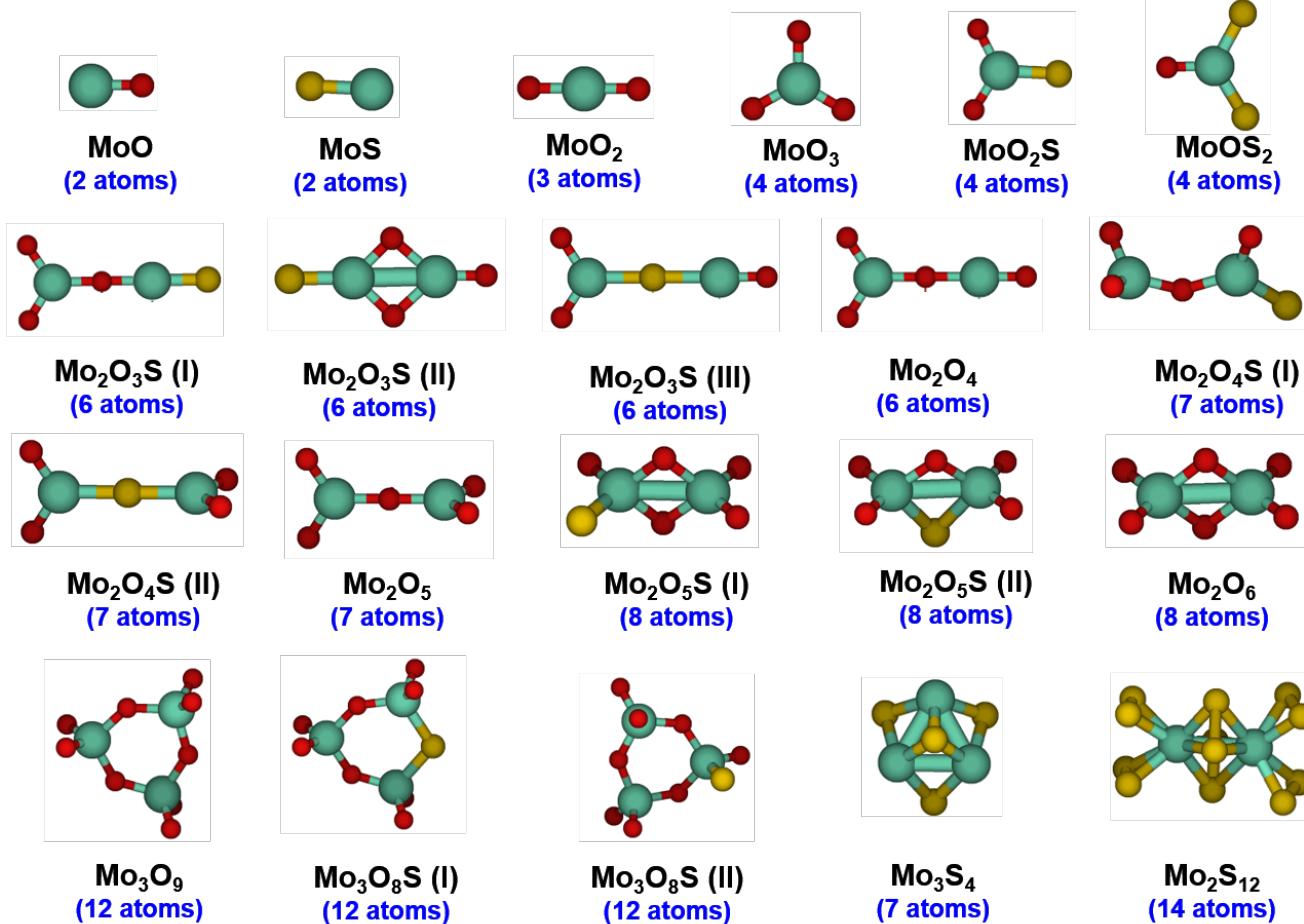


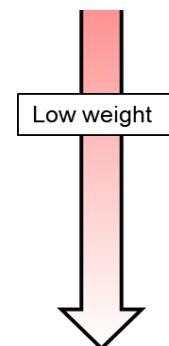
A training set for the ReaxFF force field optimization

- Non-periodic clusters (Mo/O/S interactions)



$$\text{Error} = \sum_{i=1}^n \left[\frac{(x_{i,QM} - x_{i,\text{ReaxFF}})}{\sigma} \right]^2$$

Minimize a total error
during the optimization



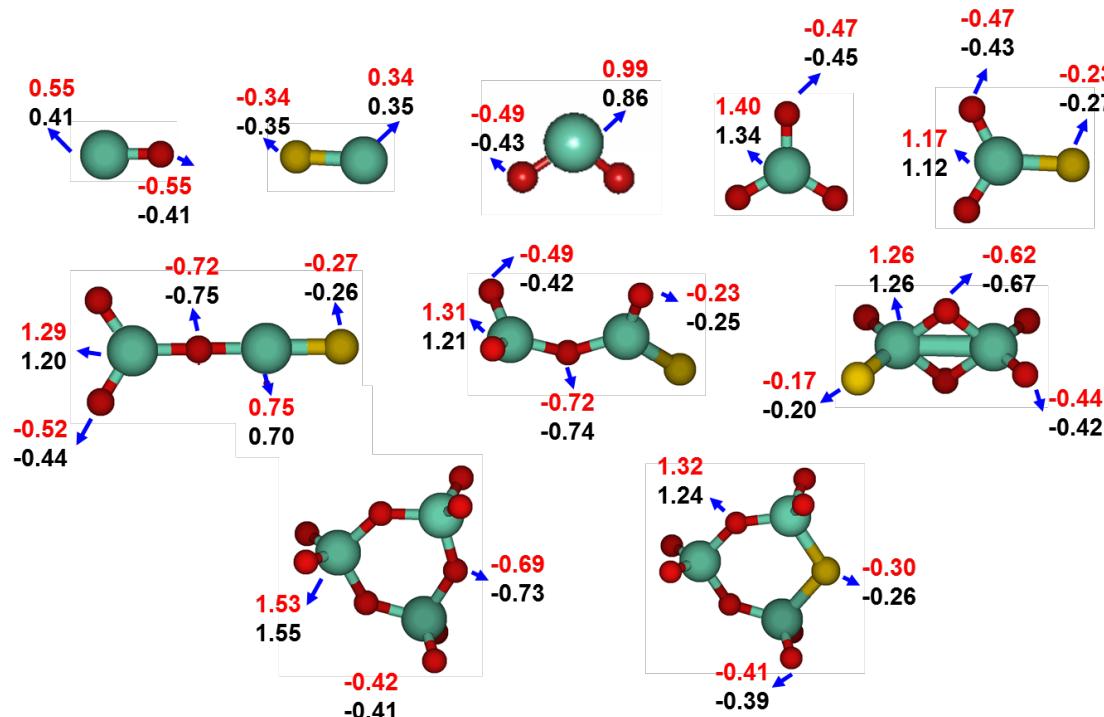
Cyan: Mo atoms; Red: O atoms; Yellow: S atoms

Results: the ReaxFF force field optimization

- Non-periodic clusters' point charges

ReaxFF: Red, top number

Mulliken Charges (Qchem): Black, bottom number

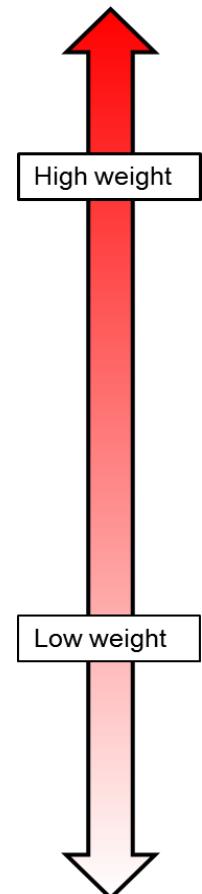


Cyan: Mo atoms; Red: O atoms; Yellow: S atoms

Results: the ReaxFF force field optimization

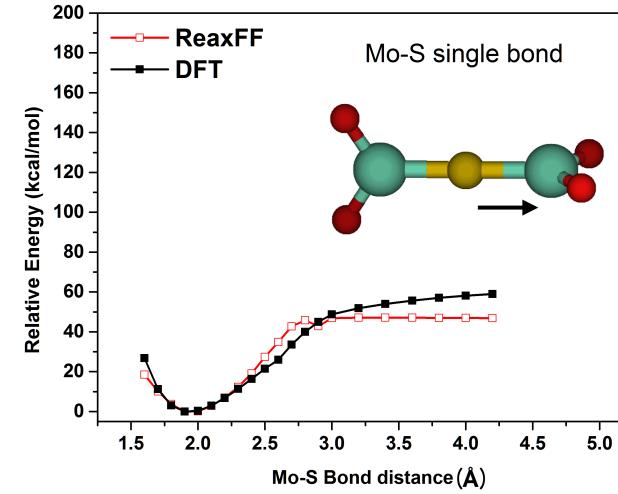
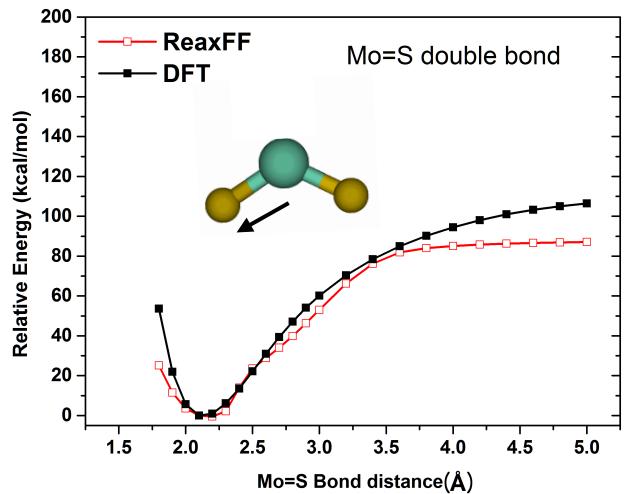
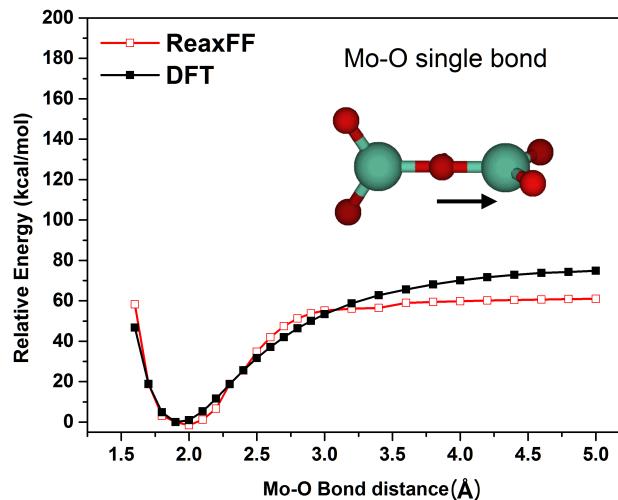
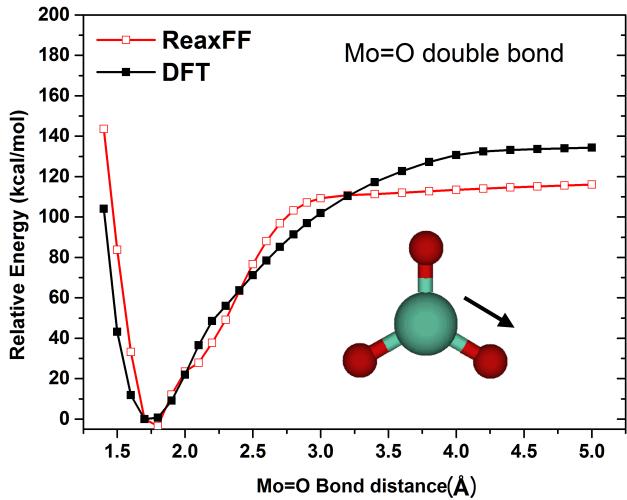
- Non-periodic clusters' cohesive energies

Cluster	ReaxFF (kcal/mol)	DFT (kcal/mol)	Diff. (%)
MoO	-146.73	-143.85	2.00
MoS	-105.17	-106.98	1.69
MoO ₂	-295.11	-291.17	1.35
MoS ₂	-202.83	-205.23	1.17
MoO ₃	-425.38	-427.56	0.51
MoS ₃	-292.25	-292.17	0.03
MoO ₂ S	-382.88	-381.65	0.32
MoOS ₂	-339.14	-336.63	0.75
Mo ₂ O ₄	-650.25	-635.48	2.32
Mo ₂ O ₅	-789.12	-798.21	1.14
Mo ₂ O ₆	-936.16	-976.83	4.16
Mo ₂ O ₃ S (I)	-615.29	-590.70	4.16
Mo ₂ O ₃ S (II)	-632.06	-606.06	4.29
Mo ₂ O ₃ S (III)	-604.12	-576.63	4.77
Mo ₂ O ₄ S (I)	-750.68	-754.59	0.52
Mo ₂ O ₄ S (II)	-738.96	-738.27	0.09
Mo ₂ O ₅ S (I)	-894.66	-927.29	3.52
Mo ₂ O ₅ S (II)	-894.51	-933.49	4.18
Mo ₃ O ₉	-1426.47	-1506.24	5.30
Mo ₃ O ₈ S (I)	-1372.46	-1451.26	5.43
Mo ₃ O ₈ S (II)	-1380.86	-1459.14	5.36
Mo ₃ S ₄	-646.38	-611.83	5.65



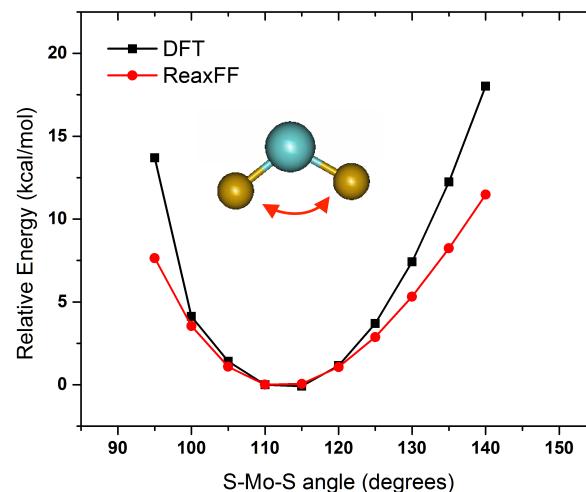
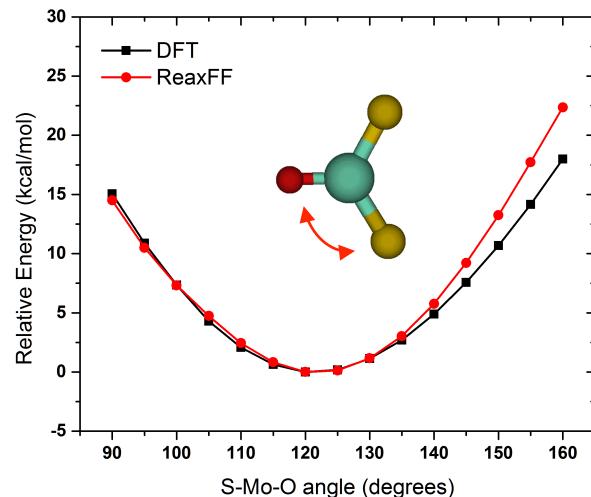
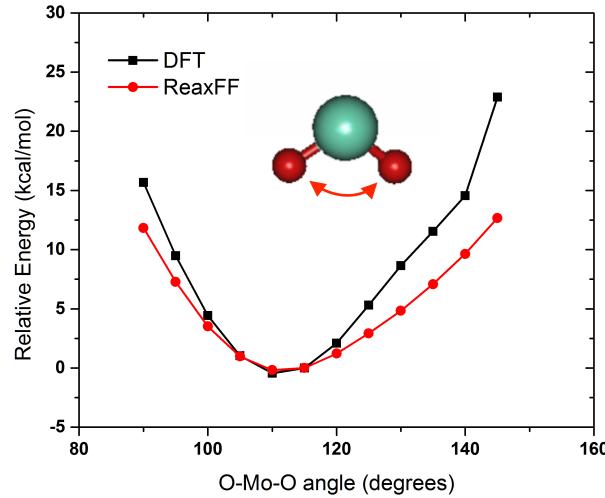
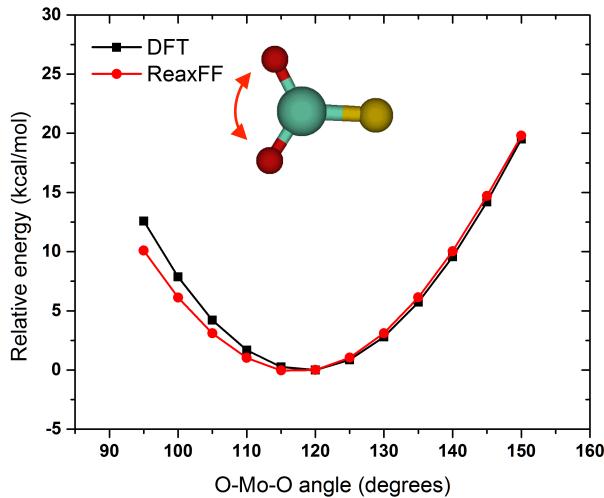
Results: the ReaxFF force field optimization

- Non-periodic clusters' bond dissociation energies



Results: the ReaxFF force field optimization

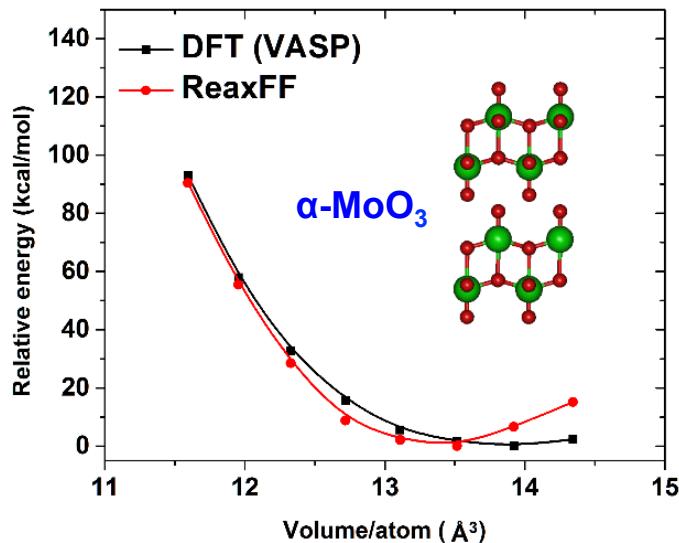
- Non-periodic clusters' angle distortion energies



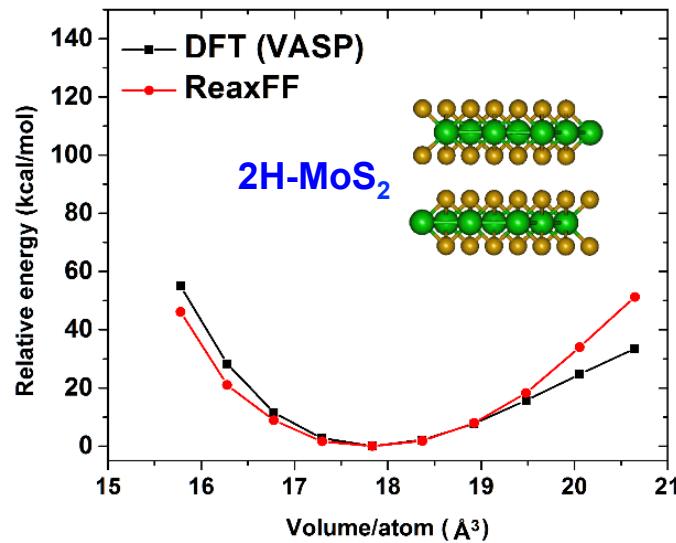
Results: the ReaxFF force field optimization

- Equations of state for $\text{MoO}_3/\text{MoS}_2$ crystal structures

(a)



(b)



Cohesive energies (per atom)	ReaxFF (kcal/mol)	DFT (kcal/mol)
$\alpha\text{-MoO}_3$	-128.15	-124.12
2H- MoS_2	-117.67	-123.36
3R- MoS_2	-117.65	-123.35
1T- MoS_2	-116.92	-119.14

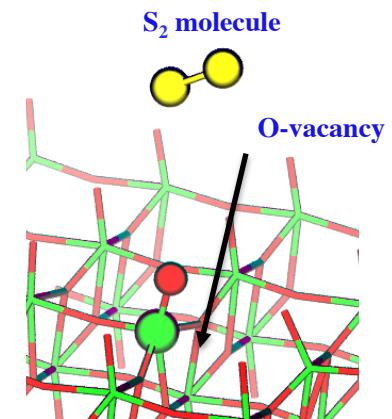
Results: the ReaxFF force field optimization

- **ReaxFF reactive force field validation**

We need a ReaxFF reactive force field for CVD chemistry

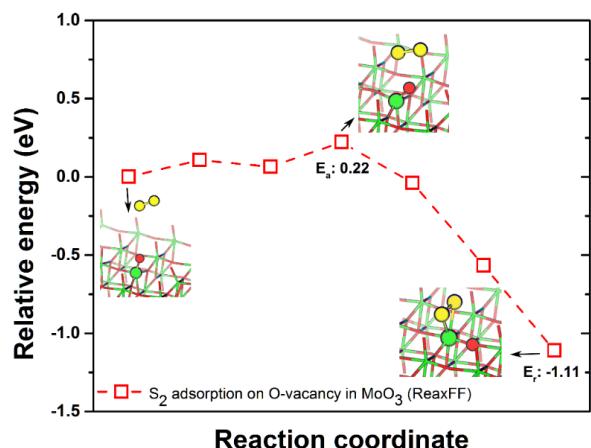
- Reaction profiles for S_2 adsorption on an O-vacancy MoO_3 surface calculated by DFT-nudged elastic band (NEB) methods

	Methods			
	DFT	DFT + U	Spin polarized DFT	Spin polarized DFT + U
Reaction barrier (eV)	0.20	0.38	0.22	0.52
Reaction energy (eV)	-1.43	-0.80	-1.07	-0.59



Note. DFT + U : additional on-site Coulomb interactions between localized d -electrons

- ReaxFF-NEB



Our ReaxFF force field can reasonably describe interactions between S_2 gas and MoO_3 surface